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4. By localities as follows: In domiciles, hotels, etc., 288; in civil hospitals, 116; in military hospitals, 9; in Santa Casa da Misericordia, 33; in asylums, convents, etc., 2; in ships in port, none, and in unknown localities, 3.

The daily average of deaths was 64.42, in comparison with 59.57 during the preceding week and with 44.28 for the corresponding week of the year 1903. This gives a coefficient per 1,000 of the population, reckoned at 850,000 persons (annual), of 27.74.

The highest range of the thermometer was on the 4th instant, 26.2° C., and the lowest on the 29th ultimo, 15.4° C., with an average temperature for the week of 19.39° C.

The total rainfall for the week amounted to 6.73 mm.

During the week ended September 10 the following vessels left this port bound for United States ports: On the 6th instant, the British steamship *Garrick* for New Orleans via Barbados, West Indies, for disinfection, with a cargo of coffee, no passengers of any class, and no change in the personnel of the vessel in this port, and on the 7th instant, the British steamship *Titian*, for New York, with a cargo of coffee, 8 first-class and 11 steerage passengers from this port, and with no change in the personnel of the crew. According to instructions to the surgeon of the *Titian*, all steerage passengers will be vaccinated before arrival at New York. No other vessels left this port for the United States during this week. None of the crew of either vessel, except the captains, and in the case of the *Titian*, the purser, had been ashore while the ships were in port, and as no new members of the crews were shipped here, there is little chance of infection with variola in the case of either vessel.

Plague and beriberi in Bahia.

There have been but few notices received here during the last week in regard to the outbreak of plague in Bahia. One of date of the 11th instant states that cases of the disease continue to be reported, but that the epidemic seems to be declining. One of date of 12th states that the inhabitants of the city, realizing the value of vaccination against plague, are receiving this prophylactic very generally. Another of date of the 13th instant says that a disease of a very suspicious character has appeared in Santo Amaro, a town a few miles distant from Bahia.

On the 10th instant a vessel arrived at Bahia from the north with 14 persons ill with beriberi, and on the 13th another vessel arrived there with 14 other beriberi patients. This disease is pretty generally endemic along the coast of Brazil, and there is no seaport city where deaths from this disease do not occur almost every week.

Mortality statistics from Pernambuco.

The following statistics for the two weeks ended August 31 have just been received: Total deaths for this period, 336; population, from 180,000 to 200,000; variola, 28 deaths; enteric fever, 2; diphtheria, 1; bubonic plague, 2; malarial fevers, 18; tuberculosis, 29; leprosy, 2; dysentery, 26; beriberi, 5. Death rate per 1,000, 40.4; maximum daily deaths, 28; mean, 21; minimum, 14.